CLAIM AMENDMENTS

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(currently amended) A heat insulating layer with a
1
      melting point above 2500°C, [[with]] a thermal expansion
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      coefficient in excess of 8 x 10^{-6} K<sup>-1</sup>, and a sintering temperature
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      greater than 1400°C, wherein characterized in that the heat-
      insulating material has a perovskite structure of the general
      formula A_{1+r} (B'<sub>1/3+x</sub> B"<sub>2/3+y</sub>)O<sub>3+z</sub> in which
                 A = at least one element of the group (Ba, Sr, Ca, Be),
                 B' = at least one element of the group (Mg, Ca, Sr, Ba,
      Be),
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                 B" = at least one element of the group (Ta, Nb), and
10
                 0.1 < r, x, y, z < 0.1;
11
                 or the heat-insulating material has the perovskite
12
      structure of the general formula A_{1+r} (B'<sub>1/2+x</sub> B"<sub>1/2+x</sub>)O<sub>3+z</sub> in which:
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                 A = at least one element of the group (Ba, Sr, Ca, Be),
14
                 B' = at least one element of the group (Al, La, Nd, Gd,
15
      Er, Lu, Dy, Tb),
16
                  B" = at least one element of the group (Ta, Nb), and
17
                  0.1 < r, x, y, z < 0.1.
18
                       (currently amended) A heat-insulating material
       according to claim 1 wherein [[which]] the heat-insulating
       material has a composition wherein r = x = y = z = 0.
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- 3. (previously presented) The heat_insulating material according to claim 1 with a composition of the formula

 Ba(Mg_{1/3}Ta_{2/3})O₃.
- 4. (currently amended) The use of the heat_insulating
 material according to <u>claim 1</u> as a heat_insulating coating on the
 surface of the component.
 - 5. (currently amended) The use according to the preceding claim 4, further comprising, in which between the component and the heat-insulating component, one or more intermediate coatings of ceramic glass or metallic material is provided.
 - 6. (currently amended) The use according to the preceding claim 5, further comprising, wherein between the component and the heat-insulating layer, an intermediate layer comprised of a MCrAlY alloy is provided where M = Co, [[as]] Ni material for the intermediate layer.
 - 7. (currently amended) The use according to the preceding claim 5, further comprising, in which between the component and the heat-insulating layer, an intermediate (platin-) aluminide layer is provided for an intermediate layer.

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- 10 8. (currently amended) A method of making a heat—
 11 insulating material according to claim 1 characterized in that
 12 wherein the starting material is provided as carbonates and/or
 13 oxides corresponding to the aforedescribed stoichiometry in a
 14 mixture and this mixture is subjected to a solid—state reaction
 15 whereby such that the heat—insulating material thus produced has
 16 the corresponding stoichiometry and the perovskite structure.
- 9. (currently amended) The method according to claim 8
 wherein the mixture is so formed that the perovskite produced by
 the solid_state reaction has a composition according to the
 formula

21 A_{1+r} $(B'_{1/3+x} B''_{2/3+y})O_{3+z}$

or according to the formula

23 $A_{1+r} (B'_{1/2+x} B''_{1/2+y}) O_{3+z}$

with 0.1 < r, x, y, z < 0.1.

10. (currently amended) The method according to claim 8 characterized in that the mixture is so made that the perovskite after the solid_state reaction has a composition according to the formula

 $A_1 (B'_{1/3} B''_{2/3})O_3$

or according to the formula

 $A_1 (B'_{1/2} B''_{1/2})O_3.$